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S.E. (Mechanical Engineering) (Semester - IV)

Examination, April - 2016

APPLIED NUMERICAL METHODS

Sub. Code : 63360

Day and Date : Sunday, 17-04-2016

Total Marks : 100

Time : 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.

- Instructions :
- 1) All questions are compulsory.
 - 2) Make suitable assumptions/data if required and state clearly.
 - 3) Draw neat sketches wherever necessary.
 - 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
 - 5) Use of calculator is allowed.

Q1) a) Explain approximate error with an example. [5]

b) Solve any two [2 × 5 = 10]

- i) Find an approximate root of the equation $x \log_{10} x = 1.2$ which lies between 2 and 3 using False position method.
- ii) Find the root of the equation $x^3 + 2x^2 + 10x - 20 = 0$ using Muller's method.

(Take $x_0 = 0, x_1 = 1, x_2 = 2$).

iii) Evaluate $\sqrt{12}$ to four decimal places by Newton Raphson method.

Q2) a) Solve the following equations by Gauss - Elimination method. [5]

$$2x + 3y - z = 5$$

$$4x + 4y - 3z = 3$$

$$2x - 3y + 2z = 2$$

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b) Solve any two

[2 × 5 = 10]

i) Solve the following equations by Gauss-Jordon method.

$$x + 2y - 3z = 4$$

$$12x + 4y - 6z = 18$$

$$x - 2y + 5z = 4$$

ii) Solve the system of equations using LU Decomposition.

$$x + 5y + z = 14$$

$$2x + y + 3z = 13$$

$$3x + y + 4z = 17$$

iii) Solve the following equations by Gauss - Seidal method.

$$6x + 15y + 2z = 72$$

$$x + y + 54z = 110$$

$$27x + 6y - z = 85$$

Q3) Solve any four:

[4 × 5 = 20]

a) The pressure and volume of gas are related by the equation $PV^\lambda = K$ (λ and K are constants). Fit this equation for the following data using principles of least squares

P	:	0.5	1	1.5	2.0	2.5	3.0
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V	:	1.62	1.00	0.75	0.62	0.52	0.46
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b) Using Lagrange's interpolation formula, find $y(10)$ from the following table

x	:	5	6	9	11
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y	:	12	13	14	16
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c) Find the mean, median, mode and standard deviation of following:

15, 21, 21, 21, 25, 30, 35.

d) Using Newtons divided difference formula find $f(6)$

x	:	1	2	7	8
y	:	1	5	5	4

e) State and prove addition and multiplication law of probability.

Q4) Solve any three:

[3 × 5 = 15]

a) Evaluate the integral $I = \int_{-3}^3 x^4 dx$ using Simpsons 1/3rd Rule.

b) Use Romberg's method to evaluate $\int_0^{1.2} \frac{dx}{(1+x)}$ take $h = 0.6, 0.3$, and 0.15 .

c) Evaluate $\int_2^6 (3x^2 + 2x + 3) dx$ by Gaussian Quadrature.

d) A jet fighter position on an aircraft carriers runway was timed during landing

t(sec):	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6
X(m):	7.989	8.403	8.781	9.129	9.451	9.750	10.031

Where X is the distance from the end of the carrier. Estimate velocity and acceleration at $t = 1.1$ sec.

Q5) Solve any three

[3 × 5 = 15]

a) Using Runge Kutta method of fourth order find y at $x = 0.8$ if $y' = y - x^2$
Given $y(0.6) = 1.7379$ take $h = 0.1$.

- b) Find the eigen values and corresponding eigen vectors of $\begin{bmatrix} 8 & -4 \\ 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ by both power method and polynomial method.
- c) Given the boundary value problem $\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} = 6x + 4$; $y(0) = 2$, $y(1) = 5$ obtain its solution in the range $0 \leq x \leq 1$ with $h = 0.25$ using finite difference method.
- d) Solve $\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 + xy$; given $y(0) = 2$. Obtain the values of $y(0.1)$, $y(0.2)$ and $y(0.3)$ using Picard's method.
- Q6) a) Solve $U_{xx} + U_{yy} = 0$ in the square region bounded by $x = 0$, $x = 4$, $y = 0$, $y = 4$ and with boundary conditions:
 $u(0,y) = 0$; $u(4,y) = 12 + y$; $u(x,0) = 3x$; $u(x,4) = x^2$
 by Liebmann's method. Take $\Delta x = 1$, $\Delta y = 1$. Perform two iterations. [10]
- b) Classify the following partial differential equations: [5]
- $U_{xx} + 2U_{xy} + U_{yy} = 0$.
 - $xU_{xx} + yU_{yy} = 0$; $x > 0$, $y > 0$.
 - $U_{xx} - 2U_{xy} = 0$.
- c) Explain explicit method with a neat sketch. [5]

